

# Package ‘farff’

October 13, 2022

**Title** A Faster 'ARFF' File Reader and Writer

**Version** 1.1.1

**Description** Reads and writes 'ARFF' files. 'ARFF' (Attribute-Relation File Format) files are like 'CSV' files, with a little bit of added meta information in a header and standardized NA values. They are quite often used for machine learning data sets and were introduced for the 'WEKA' machine learning 'Java' toolbox. See [https://waikato.github.io/weka-wiki/formats\\_and\\_processing/arff\\_stable/](https://waikato.github.io/weka-wiki/formats_and_processing/arff_stable/) for further info on 'ARFF' and for <http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/> for more info on 'WEKA'. 'farff' gets rid of the 'Java' dependency that 'RWeka' enforces, and it is at least a faster reader (for bigger files). It uses 'readr' as parser back-end for the data section of the 'ARFF' file. Consistency with 'RWeka' is tested on 'Github' and 'Travis CI' with hundreds of 'ARFF' files from 'OpenML'.

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**URL** <https://github.com/mlr-org/farff>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/mlr-org/farff/issues>

**Imports** BBmisc, checkmate (>= 1.8.0), readr (>= 1.0.0), stringi

**Suggests** OpenML, testthat

**ByteCompile** yes

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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**Date/Publication** 2021-05-10 23:40:05 UTC

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readARFF	<i>Read ARFF file into data.frame.</i>
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### Description

Implementation of a fast **ARFF** parser that produces consistent results compared to the reference implementation in **RWeka**. The “DATA” section is read with [read\\_delim](#).

### Usage

```
readARFF(
  path,
  data.reader = "readr",
  tmp.file = tempfile(),
  convert.to.logicals = TRUE,
  show.info = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

path	[character(1)] Path to ARFF file with read access.
data.reader	[character(1)] Package back-end to parse ARFF data section with. At the moment only readr is supported. Default is “readr”.
tmp.file	[character(1)] The ARFF file must be preprocessed a bit, before it can be fed to the data.reader. Path to TEMP output file, where this result is stored. The file is deleted on exit. Default is tempfile().
convert.to.logicals	[logical(1)] Should factors with values T or F be converted to logicals? (RWeka does this by default). Default is TRUE.
show.info	[logical(1)] Default is TRUE
...	[any] Further parameters passed to <a href="#">read_delim</a> .

## Details

ARFF parsers are already available in package RWeka in `read.arff` and package foreign in `read.arff`. The RWeka parser requires Java and rJava, a dependency which is notoriously hard to configure for users in R. It is also quite slow. The parser in foreign is written in pure R, slow and not fully consistent with the reference implementation in RWeka.

## Value

data.frame .

## Note

- Integer feature columns in ARFF files are parsed as numeric columns into R.
- Sparse ARFF format is currently unsupported. The function will produce an informative error message in that case.
- ARFF attributes of type “relational”, e.g., for multi-instance data, are currently not supported.

## Examples

```
path = tempfile()
writeARFF(iris, path = path)
d = readARFF(path)
```

---

writeARFF

*Write ARFF data.frame to ARFF file.*

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## Description

Internally uses `write.table` and is therefore not much faster than RWeka’s `write.arff`. Moreover, for large data (> 1e6 rows) the data frame is written out in chunks of 1e6 lines to speed up the write process.

## Usage

```
writeARFF(
  x,
  path,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  chunk.size = 1e+06,
  relation = deparse(substitute(x))
)
```

**Arguments**

x	[data.frame] Data to write to disk.
path	[character(1)] Path to ARFF file with write access. Existing files will not be overwritten unless <code>overwrite</code> is TRUE.
overwrite	[logical(1)] Should path be overwritten if it already exists? Default is FALSE.
chunk.size	[integer(1)] Large datasets are split before writing out to file into chunks of size <code>chunk.size</code> . Default is 1e6.
relation	[character(1)] Name of the relation in the ARFF file. Default is to guess it from the object name.

**Value**

Nothing.

**Note**

Logical columns in R are converted to categorical attributes in ARFF with levels “TRUE” and “FALSE”.

**Examples**

```
# see readARFF
```

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